

**E-Chem Sensor Data**  
**Model H10-34 Hydrogen Peroxide (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) Smart Sensor**

Model H10-34 Hydrogen Peroxide sensor is an electrochemical device used for the detection of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> vapor in ambient air near sterilization systems. It is designed to be used in conjunction with ATI's Model C16 portable leak detector or Models D12 or F12 toxic gas transmitters. H10-34 sensors contain internal electronics and memory that control sensor bias and store calibration data, calibration history, and limited data log.

H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> sensors operate by generating a small electrical current proportional to the partial pressure of peroxide gas in the surrounding air. The current is the result of the direct oxidation of hydrogen peroxide on the surface of the measuring electrode to form oxygen as shown in the equation below. The hydrogen peroxide sensor is a 3-electrode electrochemical cell.



The table below provides the operational and performance specifications for the H10-34 H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> sensor. Contact ATI or your ATI local representative with questions regarding specific applications for this sensor.

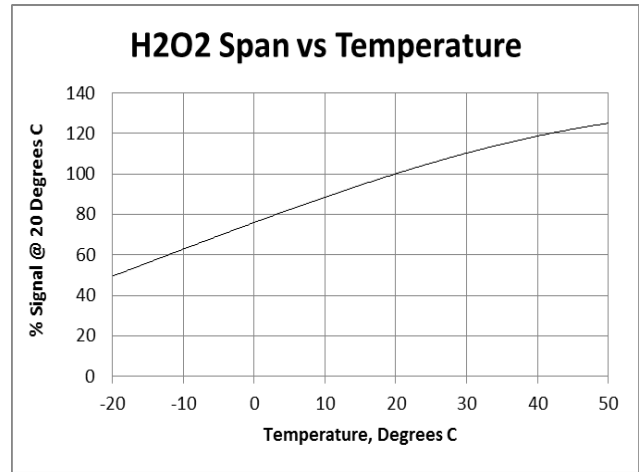
|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Primary Response           | Volume % H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>  |
| Measuring Range            | 0.2 – 100 PPM V/V   |
| Sensor Current             | 0.20 μA/PPM Nominal   |
| Sensor Current Variability | 0.10 – 0.50 μA/PPM  |
| Linearity                  | ± 3%  |
| Response Time              | T <sub>50</sub> ≤ 20 Seconds, T <sub>90</sub> ≤ 150 seconds   |
| Temperature Range          | -20° to +50° C  |
| Memory                     | Internal e <sup>2</sup> memory for Calibration Data and Calibration History                                   |
| Pressure Range:            | - 5 to + 50 PSIG  |
| Pressure Variability       | Output proportional to peroxide partial pressure  |
| Operating Humidity         | 0-99% RH Non-condensing (Intermittent)<br>20-95% RH Non-condensing (Continuous)                               |
| Zero Stability             | ± 0.1 PPM at constant temperature<br>± 0.2 PPM over ±10° C ambient temperature change                         |
| Span Drift                 | < 2%/Month  |
| Temperature Effect on Span | See Graph   |
| Operating Life             | > 24 Months Typical in Clean Conditions   |
| Storage Recommendation     | Recommended maximum of 1 year for best sensor performance.<br>Store at less than 25° C in a sealed container. |
| Size                       | 1" D x 1.25" H (25 mm x 32 mm)  |
| Weight                     | 17 grams  |

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H10-34 Hydrogen Peroxide sensors exhibit response to certain other gases. When applying this sensor to specific applications, it is good practice to verify whether or not any of these potential interferences are present and might cause interference issues. Note that cross-sensitivity data is approximate. In some cases, response to other gases may not be stable or may be transient.

Electrochemical sensors exhibit a response that is temperature dependent to a limited extent. Although the effect of temperature is not large, it is useful to be aware of the effect. Shown below is a graph showing the effect on span (uA/PPM) of changing temperature.

| Gas               | Symbol                          | Response to 1 PPM |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Ammonia           | NH <sub>3</sub>                 | None              |
| Hydrogen Chloride | HCl                             | None              |
| Carbon Monoxide   | CO                              | 0.05              |
| Peracetic Acid    | CH <sub>3</sub> COOOH           | None              |
| Carbon Dioxide    | CO <sub>2</sub>                 | None              |
| Nitric Oxide      | NO                              | 0.09              |
| Ozone             | O <sub>3</sub>                  | -0.1              |
| Hydrogen Sulfide  | H <sub>2</sub> S                | 6                 |
| Nitrogen Dioxide  | NO <sub>2</sub>                 | -0.1              |
| Sulfur Dioxide    | SO <sub>2</sub>                 | 0.42              |
| Methyl Mercaptan  | CH <sub>3</sub> SH              | 2                 |
| Chlorine          | Cl <sub>2</sub>                 | -0.4              |
| Hydrogen          | H <sub>2</sub>                  | 0.03              |
| Ethanol (alcohol) | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O | 0.1               |



Shown below is a typical response time graph for an H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> sensor. Note that this response time can become significantly slower at temperatures below -20°C.

